PTC-101 Series Quick Installation Guide

Moxa Industrial Media Converter

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Technical Support Contact Information www.moxa.com/support



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P/N: 1802001016016

Overview

Moxa's PTC-101 industrial media converters are specially designed for reliable and stable operation in harsh industrial environments, and provide industrial grade media conversion between 10/100BaseT(X) and 100BaseFX. The PTC-101's reliable industrial design is excellent for keeping your industrial automation applications running continuously, and comes with a relay output warning alarm to help prevent damage to your equipment.

This product has a wide -40 to 85°C operating temperature range, and is designed to withstand a high degree of vibration and shock. The rugged hardware design makes the PTC-101 perfect for ensuring that your Ethernet equipment can withstand critical industrial applications, such as in hazardous locations, and complies with FCC, UL, and CE standards.

Package Checklist

The PTC-101 is shipped with the following items. If any of these items is missing or damaged, please contact your customer service representative for assistance.

- Moxa Industrial Media Converter
- Quick installation guide (printed)
- Warranty card

Features

- Supports 10/100Base-TX auto-negotiation and auto-MDI/MDI-X
- Multi-mode and single mode with SC, ST, or LC fiber connectors available
- Supports Link Fault Pass-Through
- Power failure by relay output (LV model only)
- Redundant dual VDC power inputs
- -40 to 85°C operating temperature range
- Integrated high-reliability power supply eliminates the need for external power transformer

Panel Layout of the PTC-101 Series



- 1. Grounding screw
- Terminal block for power input
- Heat dissipation vents and relay output
- 4. DIP switch
- 5. Power input PWR LED
- 6. Fiber Link/Active LED
- 7. 100BaseFX Port (ST/SC/LC connector)
- 10/100BaseT(X)
- 9. TP port 10 Mbps LED
- 10. TP port 100 Mbps LED
- 11. Model Name
- 12. DIN-Rail mounting kit

Dimensions (for the PTC-101-S-SC; other models

available by request)



Wiring Requirements





Calculate the maximum possible current in each power wire and common wire. Observe all electrical codes dictating the maximum current allowable for each wire size. If the current goes above the maximum ratings, the wiring could overheat, causing serious damage to your equipment.

You should also pay attention to the following:

 Use separate paths to route wiring for power and devices. If power wiring and device wiring paths must cross, make sure the wires are perpendicular at the intersection point.

NOTE: Do not run signal or communications wiring and power wiring in the same wire conduit. To avoid interference, wires with different signal characteristics should be routed separately.

- You can use the type of signal transmitted through a wire to determine which wires should be kept separate. The rule of thumb is that wiring that shares similar electrical characteristics can be bundled together.
- Keep input wiring and output wiring separated.
- We strongly advise labeling wiring to all devices in the system.

Grounding the Moxa Industrial Media Converter

Grounding and wire routing help limit the effects of noise due to electromagnetic interference (EMI). Run the ground connection from the ground screw to the grounding surface prior to connecting devices.

ATTENTION

This product is intended to be mounted to a well-grounded mounting surface such as a metal panel.

Wiring the AC/DC Power Inputs for the

PTC-101-HV series



STEP 1: Insert the negative/positive AC/DC wires into the V-/V+ terminals.

STEP 2: To keep the AC/DC wires from pulling loose, use a small flat-blade screwdriver to tighten the wire-clamp screws on the front of the terminal block connector.

Top View

STEP 3: Insert the plastic terminal block connector prongs into the terminal block receptor, which is located on the PTC-101-HV's top panel.

Wiring the Redundant Power Inputs for the

PTC-101-LV series

The top five contacts of the 8-contact terminal block connector on the PTC-101-LV's top panel are used for the PTC-101-LV's two DC inputs. Top and front views of one of the terminal block connectors are shown here.



STEP 1: Insert the negative/positive DC wires into the V-/V+ terminals.

STEP 2: To keep the DC wires from pulling loose, use a small flat-blade screwdriver to tighten the wire-clamp screws on the front of the terminal block connector.

STEP 3: Insert the plastic terminal block connector prongs into the terminal block receptor, which is located on the PTC-101-LV's top panel.



ATTENTION

Before connecting the PTC-101-LV to the DC power inputs, make sure the DC power source voltage is stable.

Communication Connections

PTC-101 models have one 10/100BaseT(X) Ethernet port, and one 100BaseFX (SC, ST, or LC type connector) fiber port.

10/100BaseT(X) Ethernet Port Connection

The 10/100BaseT(X) ports located on the PTC-101's front panel are used to connect to Ethernet-enabled devices.

Below we show pinouts for both MDI (NIC-type) ports and MDI-X (HUB/Switch-type) ports, and also show cable wiring diagrams for straight-through and cross-over Ethernet cables.

10/100Base T(x) RJ45 Pinouts

Pin	Signal
1	Tx+
2	Tx-
3	Rx+
6	Rx-

MDI-X Port Pinouts

Pin	Signal
1	Rx+
2	Rx-
3	Tx+
6	Tx-









100BaseFX Ethernet Port Connection

The concept behind the SC port and cable is quite straightforward. Suppose you are connecting devices I and II. Contrary to electrical signals, optical signals do not require a circuit in order to transmit data.

Consequently, one of the optical lines is used to transmit data from device I to device II, and the other optical line is used transmit data from device II to device I, for full-duplex transmission.

All you need to remember is to connect the Tx (transmit) port of device I to the Rx (receive) port of device II, and the Rx (receive) port of device I to the Tx (transmit) port of device II. If you are making your own cable, we suggest labeling the two sides of the same line with the same letter (A-to-A and B-to-B, as shown below, or A1-to-A2 and B1-to-B2).



Redundant Power Inputs

For the PTC-101-LV series, both power inputs can be connected simultaneously to live DC power sources. If one power source fails, the other live source acts as a backup, and automatically supplies all of the Moxa Industrial Media Converter's power needs.

DIP Switch Setting



DIP No.	Function	ON	OFF				
1	Auto Negotiation Enable Disable						
"ON": Er	"ON": Enables the "Auto Negotiation" function. The speed and duplex						
st	ates for each port link seg	ment are automatica	lly configured				
	ing the highest performan						
	sables the "Auto Negotiati	•					
st	ates depend on the manua	al setting configuration	on.				
2	Force TP Speed	100Mbps	10Mbps				
(Only whe	en Auto Negotiation is disa	bled)					
"ON": Fo	prces the Ethernet port to u	use 100 Mbps transn	nission.				
"OFF": Fo	rces the Ethernet port to	use 10 Mbps transmi	ssion.				
3	Force TP Duplex	Full Duplex	Half Duplex				
(Only whe	en Auto Negotiation is disa	bled)					
"ON": Fo	prces the Ethernet port to u	use Full Duplex.					
"OFF": Fo	rces the Ethernet port to	use Half Duplex.					
4	Link Fault Pass Through	Enable	Disable				
	hables "Link Fault Pass Thr	5					
	Il inform the FX port of the						
	sables "Link Fault Pass Thr	ough." The link statu	is on the TX port				
-	II not inform the FX port.						
5	Operating Mode	Store-and-Forward	Pass Through				
	elects "Store-and-Forward	5					
a destination port after an entire packet is received. The latency							
	depends on the packet length.						
"OFF": Selects "Pass Through" mode. Operates with the minimum							
	latency. Both transceivers are interconnected via internal MIIs						
	and the internal switch engine and data buffer are not used.						
	Note: With "Pass Through" mode enabled, the Ethernet port and fiber						
port should transmit at 100 Mbps, which is equivalent to full							
dı	iplex mode.						

The default setting for all DIP switches is in the ON position.



ATTENTION

After changing the DIP switch setting, you will need to power off and then power on the PTC-101 to activate the new setting.

LED Indicators

The front panel of the Moxa Industrial Media Converter contains several LED indicators. The function of each LED is described in the table below.

LED	Color	State	Description		
PWR1	0	On	Power is being supplied to power input PWR1		
	Green	Off	Power is not being supplied to power input PWR1		
		On	Power is being supplied to power input PWR2		
PWR2 Gree	Green	Off	Power is not being supplied to power input PWR2		
Fiber/		On	Fiber port is active		
Link/	Green	Blinking	Data is being transmitted or received.		
Act		Off	Fiber is inactive		
			Ethernet port 100 Mbps link is active		
10M	10M Yellow	Blinking	Data is being transmitted at 10 Mbps		
		Off	Ethernet port 10 Mbps link is inactive		
		On	Ethernet port 100 Mbps is active		
100M	Green	Blinking	Data is being transmitted at 100 Mbps		
		Off	Ethernet port 100 Mbps link is inactive		

Specifications

Technology					
Standards	IEEE 802.3 for 10BaseT				
	IEEE 802.3u for 100BaseT(X), 100BaseFX				
Interface					
RJ45 ports	10/100BaseT(X)				
Fiber ports	100BaseFX (SC/ST/LC connectors)				
LED Indicators	PTC-101-HV series: PWR1, Fiber Link, 10/100M (TP port)				
	PTC-101-LV series: PWR1, PWR2, Fiber Link,				
	10/100M (TP port)				

Dip Switches:

Dip No.	Fur	nction	ON	OFF
1	Auto N	egotiation	Enable	Disable
2	Force	TP Speed	100 Mbps	10 Mbps
3	Force TP Duplex		Full Duplex	Half Duplex
4	Link Fault Pass Throuth		Enable	Disable
5	Operating Mode		Store-and-Forward	Pass Through
The default setting for all DIP switches is in the ON position.				
Alarm Contact One relay out		put with current carrying capacity of		
1 A @ 24 VDC				

Optical Fiber	:					
		100BaseFX				
	Γ	Multi-mode		Single-mode		
Wavelength		130	10 nm	1310 nm		
Max. TX		-10 dBm		0 dBm		
Min. TX		-20 dBm		-5 dBm		
RX Sensitivi	ty	-32	dBm	-34 dBm		
Link Budget		12	2 dB	29 dB		
Typical Dist	ance	5	km ^a			
		4	km ^b	40 km ^c		
Saturation		-6 dBm		-3 dBm		
a. 50/125 μ	m, 800	MHz*km fib	er optic cable			
b. 62.5/125	µm, 50	0 MHz*km	fiber optic cable	9		
c. 9/125 µm	n, 3.5 PS	5/(nm*km)	fiber optic cable	9		
Power Requ	uireme	nts				
Input Voltage	e:					
	Supply	Type	Power Consu	mntion	Fuse Rating	
		to 72 VDC	170 mA @ 20		3.15A(T) 2	
		0 72 VDC	73 mA @ 85		3.15A(T) 2	
			47 mA @ 88		3.15A(T) 2	
		C to 300 VDC 47 mA @ 88 VDC 3.15A(T) Removable Terminal Block				
Connection					a ala auta d	
Overload Cur	rent	together)	otects against tv	wo signai	s shorted	
Protection	mit.	Present				
Reverse Pola Protection	rity	Present				
Physical Ch	aractor	rictics				
Housing	aracter		ID20 protoctic	20		
Dimensions			n, IP30 protection 0 x 20 mm (4.8		x 0.70 inch)	
(W x H x D)		122.5 × 9	0 X 20 11111 (4.0	52 X J.J4	x 0.79 men)	
Weight		Product o	nly: 690 g			
Weight		Packaged				
Environmer	ntal Lim	-				
Operating			°C (-40 to 185°	F)		
Temperature	1		- (.,		
		e -40 to 85	°C (-40 to 185°	F)		
Operating Hu		5 to 90%	- (/		
Regulatory		/als				
Safety		UL 60950	-1			
EMI		FCC Part 15, CISPR (EN55032) class A				
EMS		EN61000-4-2 Edition 1.2: 2001-04 (Level 4)				
		EN61000-4-3: 1995+A1: 2001				
		IEC 61000-4-3: 2002+A1: 2002 (Level 3)				
		EN61000-4-4: 2004 (Level 4)				
		EN61000-4-5: 2001-04 (Level 3)				
		EN61000-4-6: 2004-11 (Level 3)				
		EN61000-4-8: 2001-03 (Level 5)				
		EN61000-4-11: 2004-03 (Criteria B)				
Power Autom	nation	IEC 61850-3, IEEE 1613				
Rail Traffic		EN50155/EN50121-4				
Warranty						
Warranty Pe	riod	5 years	5 years			
Details		See www.moxa.com/warranty				